

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET **STEEL PRODUCTS**



ORIGINAL ISSUE DATE: 8/1/85 REVISED:

30012 USB CODE NO.

L. IDENTIFICATION

INFORMATION & EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBERS (412) 433-6840 (8 a.m. - 5 p.m., Mon.-Fri.) (412) 433-5811 (Off Hour Emergencies)

PRODUCT NAME: Galvanized Sheet-Carbon Steel (Hot Dipped)

MANUFACTURER: U.S. Steel Corporation P. O. Box 206 (MSDS) Pittsburgh, PA 15230

COMMON NAME(S): Same

CAS NO .: 65997-19-5

II. INGREDIENTS AND RECOMMENDED OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS

NOTE: Steel products under normal conditions do not present an inhelation, ingestion or contact health hazard (See Section VI.).

BASE METAL, ALLOYING	% WEIGHT	EXPOSURE LIMITS		
ELEMENTS AND METALLIC COATINGS		OSHA PEL	ACGIH TLV	
Base Metal: Iron	Balance	10 mg/M ³ for iron oxide fume	5 mg/M ³ for iron oxide fume	
Alloying Elements: Carbon	.0057.60	None established	None established	
Hanganese	.05/1.50	(c) 5 mg/H ³	(c) 5 mg/M ³ -dunt 1 mg/M ³ -fume	
Phosphorus	.15 max	None for inorganic phosphates	None for inorganic phosphates	
Sulfur	.05 max	13 mg/M ³ as SO ₂	5 mg/H ³ as SO ₂	
Aluminum .	.10 max	None established	10 mg/H ³	
Actallic Coating: Zinc	8.5/9.9	5 mg/M ³	10 mg/H ³ -Total ZnO dust 5 mg/H ³ -Respirable ZnO dust 6 fum	
Aluminum	0.04 max	None established	30 mg/M ³	
Ant Imony	0.02 max	U.5 mK/H ³	0.5 mg/H ³	
Lead	0.02 max	0.05 mg/M ³	0.15 mg/H ³	
Iron	0.1/1.5	10 mg/M ³ for iron oxide fume	5 mg/M ³ for iron oxide fume	
		(c) denotes "ceiling limit" which is	not to be exceeded at any time	
Oil costing may be used	ו d; see Annex I]	1 I. 1		
to as "trace" or "res	idual" elements, p	nounts of various elements in addition to those spec generally originate in the row materials used. Typic	cal levels of commonly involved trace or residu	
III. PHYSICAL DATA		el products are provided in Annex i so that their por	tential hazards may be considered.	
MELTING POINT BASE METAL: 2750° F METALLIC COATING: 800-900			APPEARANCE Metallic Gray, AND ODOR: No Odor	
Y. FIRE AND EXPL	OSION HAZ	ARD DATA	· ·	
STEEL PRODUCTS IN TH	E SOLID STAT	E PRESENT NO FIRE OR EXPLOSION HA	ZARD.	

ιιψμχ At temperatures above the melting point of the coating, may liberare zinc funes.

VI. HEALTH HAZARD DATA

NOTE: Steel products under normal conditions do not present an inhalation, ingostion or contact health hazard. However, operations, such as, burning, welding, sawing, brazing, grinding, and possibly machining, etc., which results in elevating the temperature of the product to or aborits melting point or results in the generation of airborne particulates, may present health hazards.

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EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE:

HAJOR EXPO	SURE HAZARD	 - · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
INHALA.		

Chronic inhalation of high concentrations of iron oxide fumes or dusts may lead to a benign pneumoconiosis (siderosis). Inhalation of high concentrations of ferric oxide may possibly enhance the risk of lung cancer development in workers exposed to pulmonary carcinogens.

The inhalation of high concentrations of freshly formed oxide fumes and dusts of Manganese, Copper, Lead and/or Zinc in the respirable particle size range can cause an influenza-like illness termed metal fume fever. Typical symptoms last 12 to 48 hours and are characterized by metallic taste in the mouth, dryness and irritation of the throat, followed by weakness, muscle pain, fever and chills.

EMERGENCY AND FIRST AID PROCEDURES For overexposure to airborne fumes and particulates, remove exposed person to fresh air. If breathing is difficult or has stopped, administer artificial respiration or oxygen as indicated. Seek medical attention promptly.

Treat metal fume fever by bed rest, and administer a pain and fever reducing medication.

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VIL SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES

NOT APPLICABLE TO STEEL IN THE SOLID STATE.

VIII. SPECIAL PROTECTION INFORMATION

RESPIRATORY: NIOSH/HSHA-approved dust and lume respirators should be used to avoid excessive inhalation of particulates. Appropriate respirator selection depends on the magnitude of exposure.

SKIN:

Protective gloves should be worn as required for welding, burning or handling operations.

EYE:

Use safety glasses or goggles as required for welding, burning, sawing, brazing, grinding or machining operations.

VENTILATION: Local exhaust ventilation should be provided when welding, burning, sawing, brazing, grinding ur machining to prevent excessive dust or fume exposure.

OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT:

Depending upon the conditions of use and specific work situations, additional protective equipment and/or clothing may be required to control exposures.

IX. SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORAGE:

Operations with the potential for generating high concentrations of airborne particulates should be evaluated and controlled as necessary. Avoid breathing metal fumes and/ or dusts.

OTHER COMMENTS:

No additional comments are believed to be necessary for this product.